



# Engineering Update

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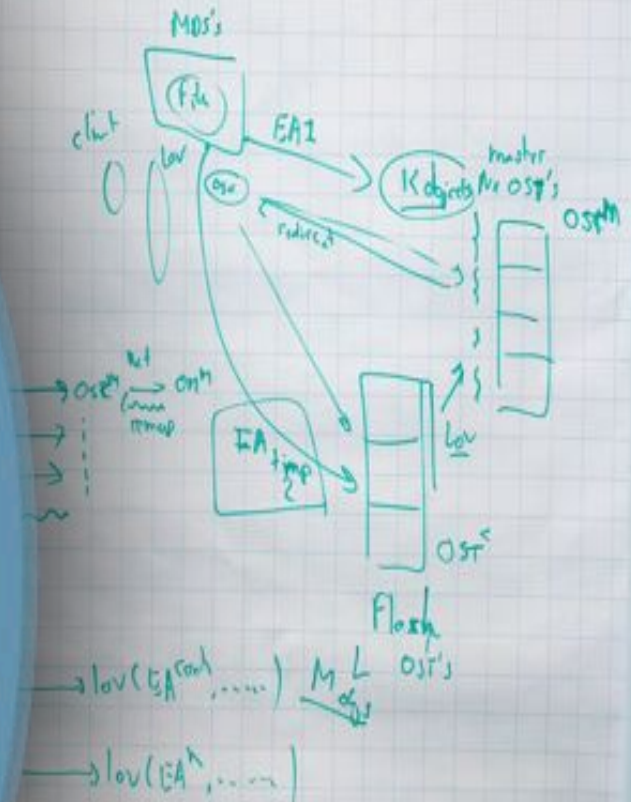
Sun Microsystems

lock Cache

① clients write the data loads w/ flash.

Mechanism: lock acquisition includes redirection data

question:



# Guiding Principals

- Stability
  - > A technology preview is not a product
- Benchmarking
  - > Evidence based decision making
- Interoperation
  - > It's not optional
- Execution
  - > Deliver the roadmap

# Delivering Stability

- Development Process
  - > From architectural requirements through to code
  - > Release “gate”
- Restructuring / Refactoring
  - > CLIO
  - > Porting APIs
- Improved Test Facilities
  - > New test cluster in Broomfield
  - > REP system
  - > Test Automation
  - > We need **YOU!**
- Conservative Feature Rollout
  - > Not until it’s ready

# Interoperation

- We hear you!
  - > Site-wide shutdown is unacceptable
  - > Cluster-wide shutdown is unacceptable
  - > Deployment intractable without “version smear”
  - > Different versions may need to interoperate for weeks
- Guarantee
  - > Node-by-node upgrade
  - > Rolling upgrade path always possible
- Fine Print
  - > Arbitrary version interoperation not guaranteed
  - > Possible reduced performance on version mismatch
  - > Node upgrade order may be prescribed
  - > Downgrade may not be supported

# Upcoming Releases

## And Release Numbering

- 1.6.5 – Imminent
  - > Bug Fixes, Minor improvements
- 1.8 – Fall
  - > New Features
    - 2.0 Interoperability
    - Recovery Improvements
- 2.0+ – End of Year
  - > Major New Features

# Adaptive Timeouts

- RPC timeout => server death
  - > On a large cluster (10,000s of nodes), extreme server load indistinguishable from death.
  - > Site tunables
- Adaptive Timeouts
  - > Client adapts timeouts to observed service times
  - > Server pre-empts timeouts with “early” replies
  - > Eliminate tunables
  - > Increase responsiveness

# Version Based Recovery

## Recovering Uncommitted Client RPCs on Server Restart

- Current recovery
  - > All clients replay in original execution order
  - > Fixed recovery window – late clients lose
  - > Transactions after a “gap” lose
- VBR
  - > Recovery transaction checks object version
  - > “Gaps” not fatal
  - > Clients may reconnect late
  - > COS resilience/performance tradeoff

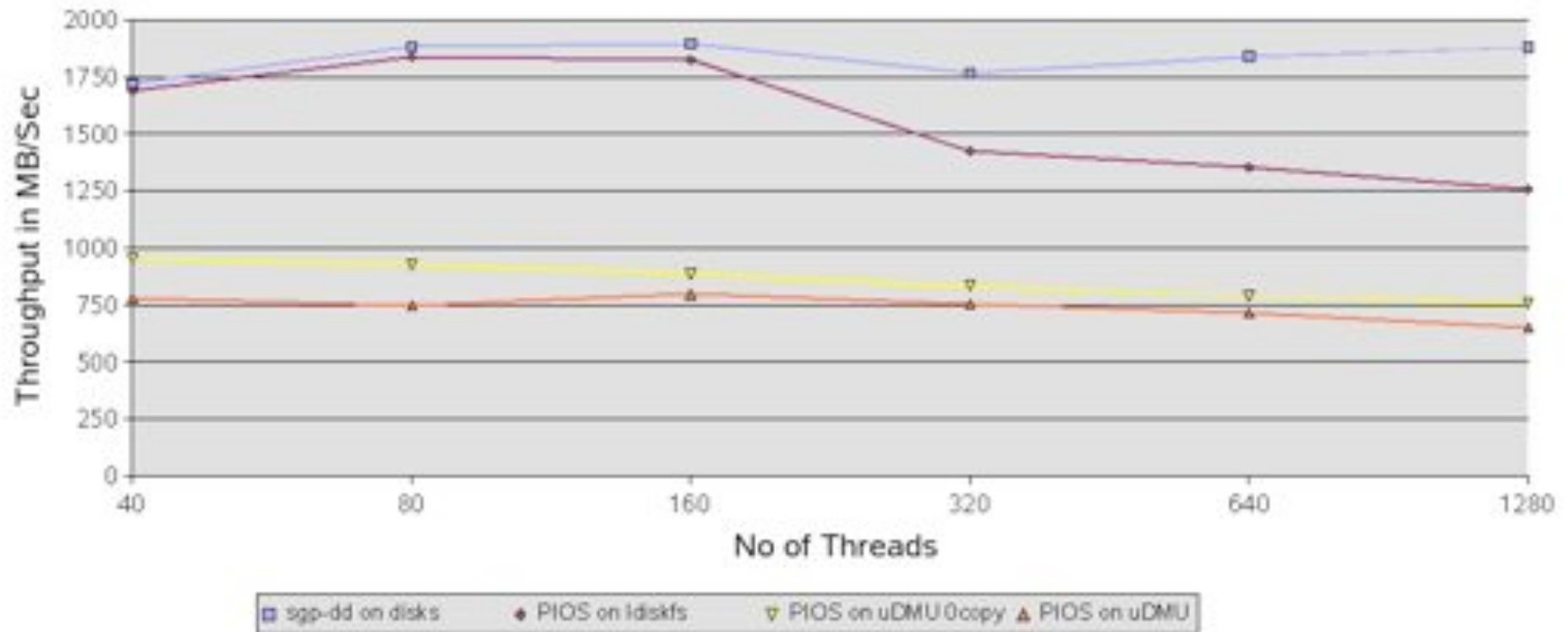
# ZFS

- Easier Administration
  - > Pooled storage model
  - > No volume manager
  - > Snapshots
- Immense Capacity
  - > 128-bit file system
- End-to-end data integrity
  - > Copy-on-write, transactional design
  - > Everything checksummed
  - > MD block replication
  - > RAID-Z/Mirroring
  - > Resilvering



# Lustre ZFS Performance Today

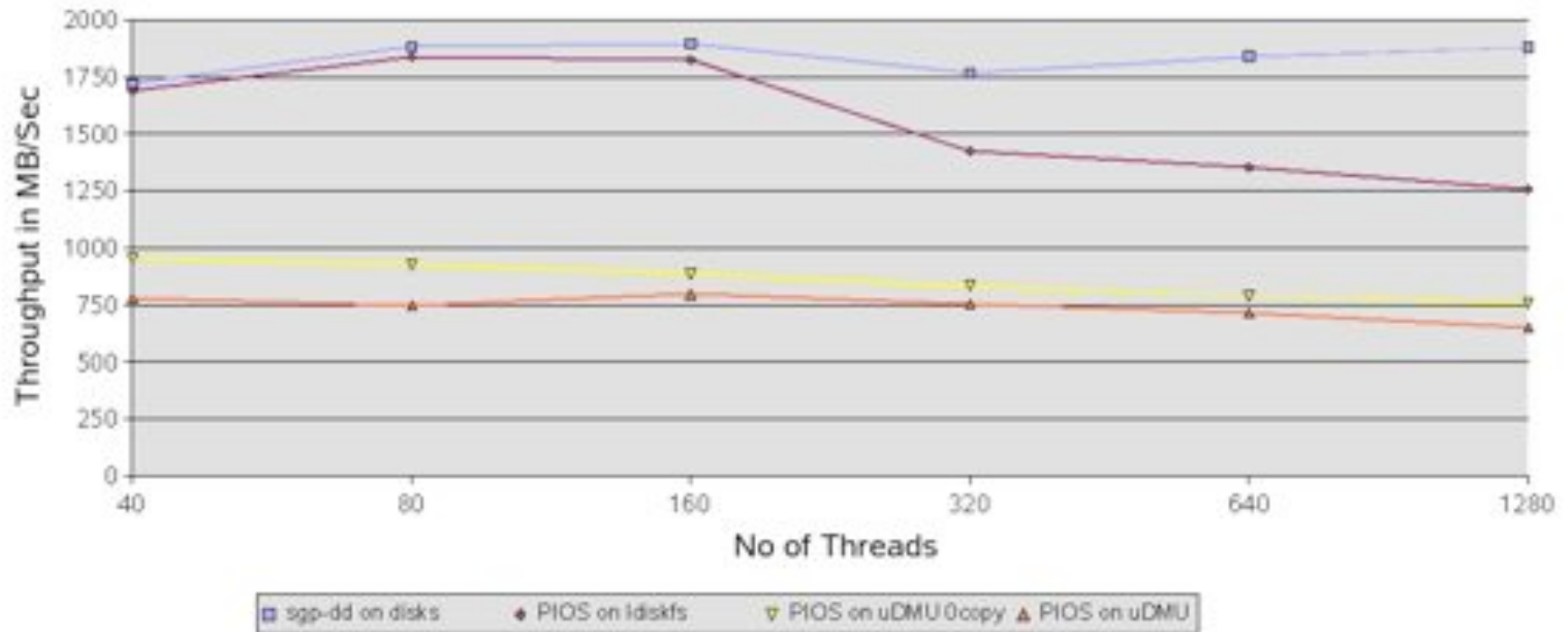
Comparison of ldiskfs and lustre-zfs for streamed write



**Considerable improvement is required but it's doable!**

# Lustre ZFS Performance ~~Today~~ Yesterday

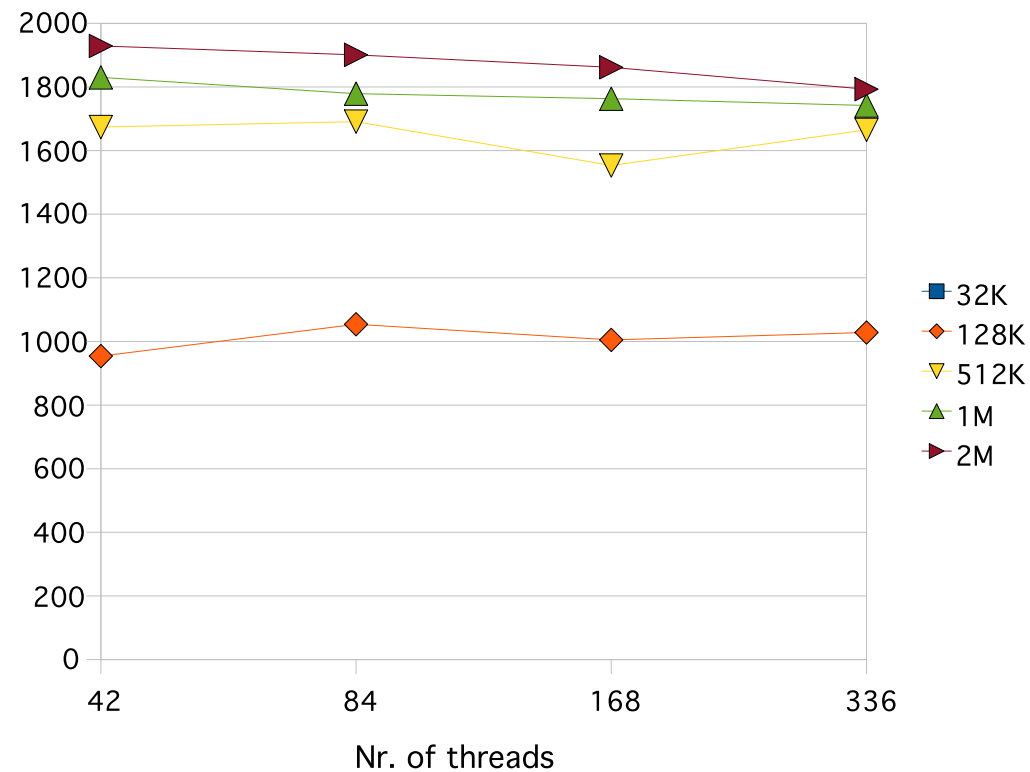
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**Considerable improvement is required but it's doable!**

# Lustre ZFS Performance Today

Throughput as a function of PIOS threads

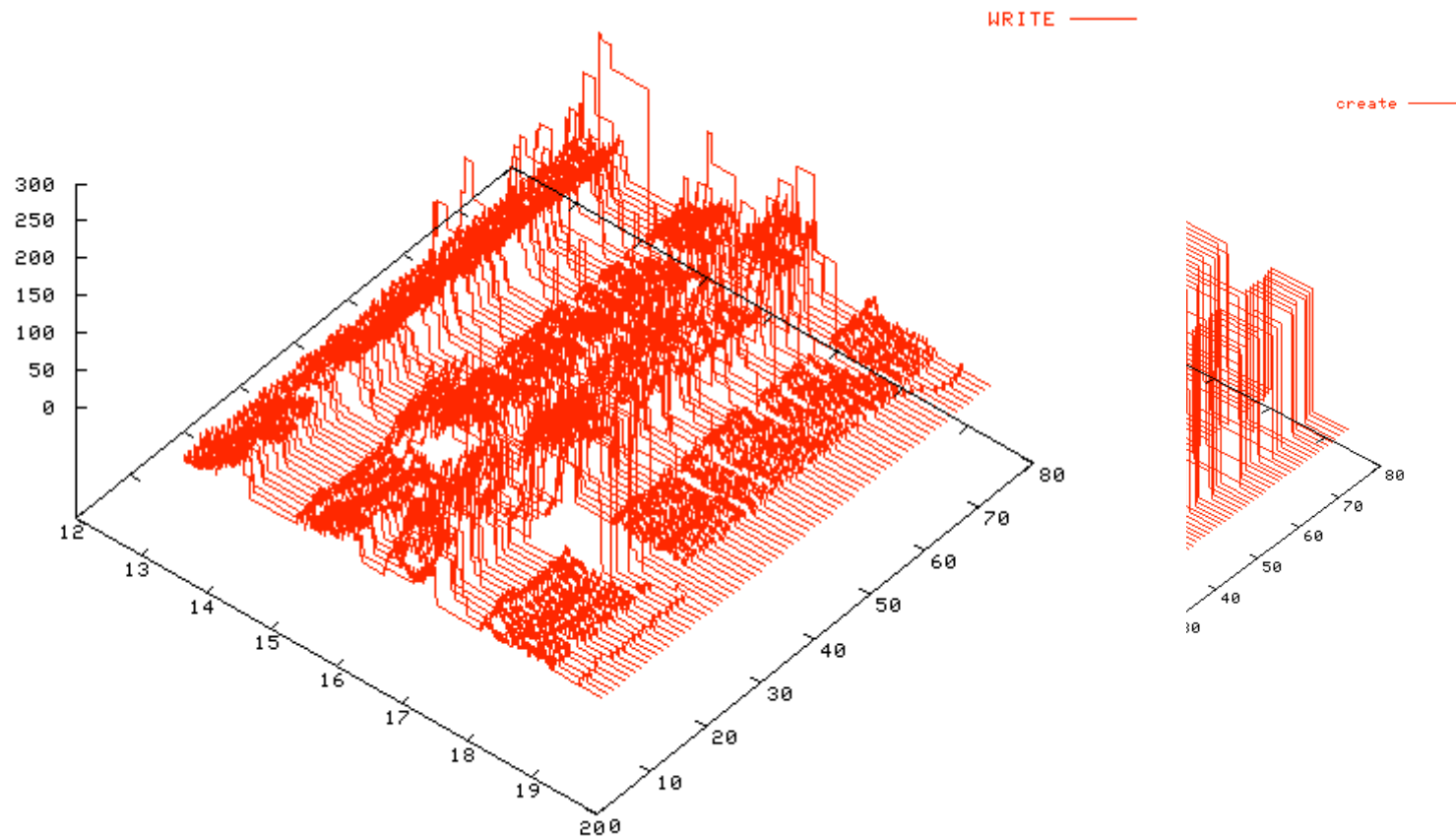


**With Zero Copy (simulated – but it's doable!)**

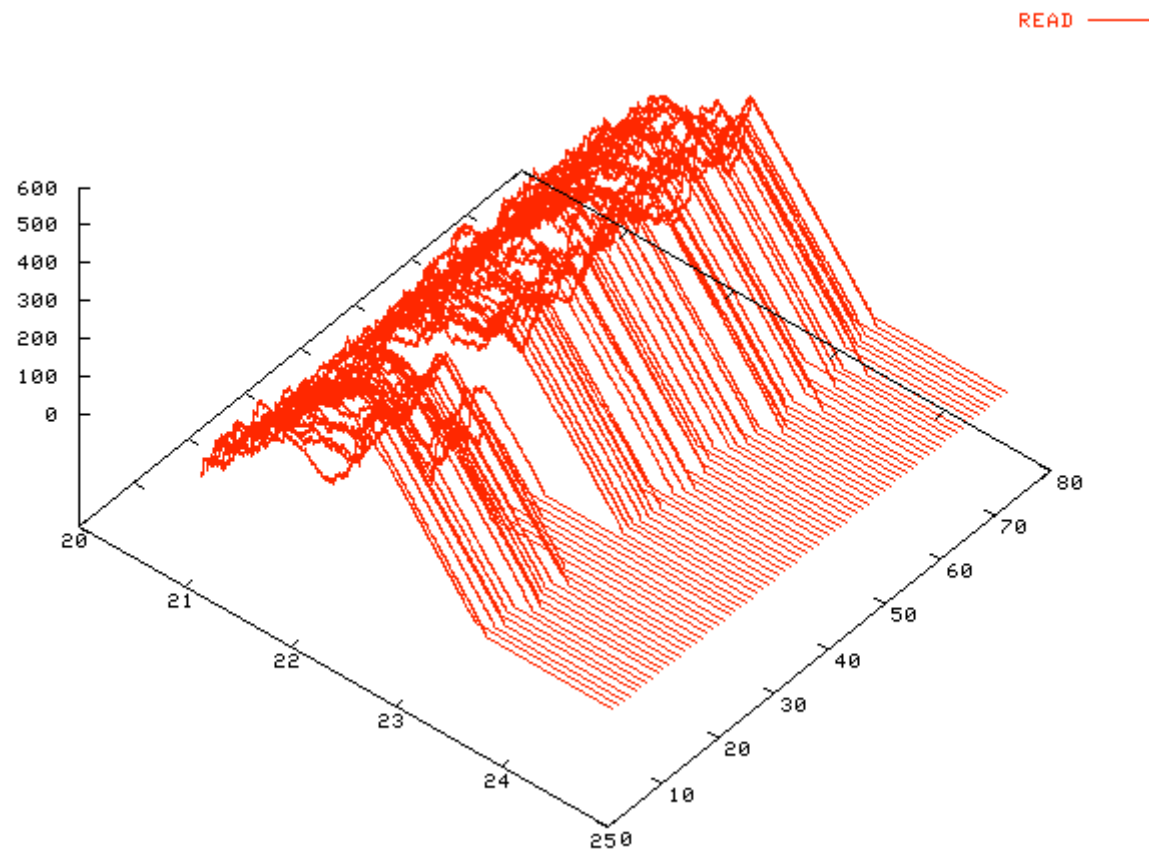
# ZFS rollout

- Initial ZFS release
  - > Only for new file systems
  - > Client works with both Idiskfs and ZFS servers
- Later ZFS releases
  - > Online OSS migration via space management tools
    - Add ZFS OSTs
    - “Empty” Idiskfs OSTs
    - Piecemeal or wholesale
  - > Offline MDS migration via conversion utility
  - > Online MDS migration still an open issue
    - CMD
    - Idiskfs EOL

# Request Visualisation



# Request Visualisation



# Network Request Scheduler

- Today, requests processed in FIFO order
  - > Only as fair as the network
  - > Over-reliance on disk elevator
- NRS re-orders RPCs on arrival
  - > Enforce fairness
  - > Working set == buffered RPCs not # service threads
  - > Work with block allocator
- Global NRS to coordinate servers
  - > QoS

# Simulator

- Discrete Event Simulator
  - > Simplicity v. Accuracy
  - > 100K + node simulations
- Component Models
  - > Client
  - > Network
  - > Server side request scheduler
  - > Backend F/S
  - > Disk Elevator
  - > Disk





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## MIGRATION USE CASES/QUALITIES.

DUPLICATE REQUESTS  
DO NOT LEAD TO DUPLICATE MIGRATIONS. (8) ~~8~~ Copies with partial files are important.

CONFLICTING REQUESTS  
ABORT IN-PROGRESS MIGRATION (9) #511 logs should A change orders. B confirm completion of jobs

ACCESS TO ~~DATA~~ OBJECTS ON THE MOVE  
RECOVERY. (11) agents will <sup>structure create</sup> large CO's (7) RECONNECT WITH DIRTY CACHE AFTER MIGRATION

SINGLE NAMESPACE  
STABILITY. (10) cache full, <sup>or extent log</sup> IMPB: BIT MASTER COPY w CURRENT (prog & HOME....).

EXISTING LLITE INFRASTRUCTURE  
TAPE PROBLEM INTO COORDINATIONS  
ELEMENTS WITH DATA-MOVED PLUGINS. IMPg: Use commit cb on EA with tape PID to tell TAPE object not orphan

TARGETS ARE LUSTRE OSD,  
RUN ON TARGETS.  
TARGETS ARE LUSTRE OSD,  
CLIENT REQ ARE DIRECTED AT  
TS. IMPlo: <sup>thod</sup> MDS objects never change field

layout lock bit  
(Site-on-mds style) recovery for  
& in progress migration recovery  
/home/punch on <sup>+</sup> server / propagate to SRC  
FLOOV 17