



Lustre & Kerberos: in theory and in practice

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- Kerberos support in Lustre: from past to present
- Kerberos configuration in a nutshell
- Let's play with Kerberos on Lustre

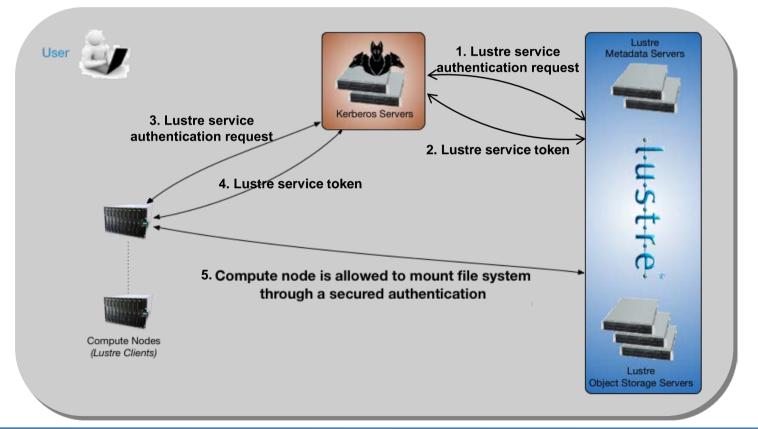




- control who can be part of a Lustre file system
- Currently
 - whichever node that
 - is connected to the Interconnect network
 - knows the MGS and file system names
 - can mount Lustre as a client!
 - can format a target and mount Lustre as a server!
- Kerberos is a possible solution
 - authentication of nodes and users

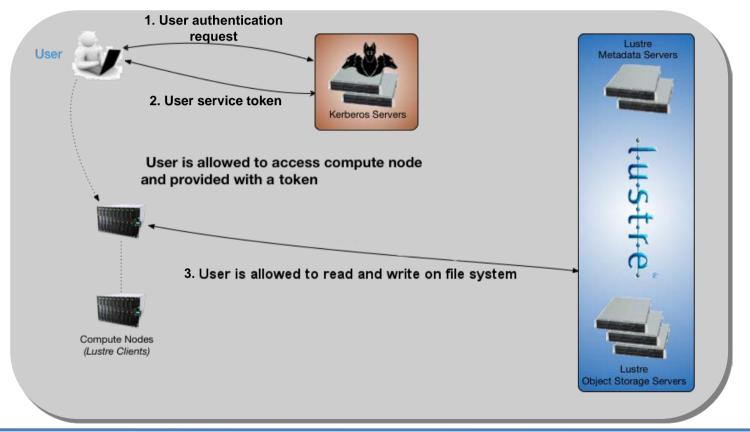


► How it works with Lustre: mount





► How it works with Lustre: file access





Objectives

- protect data transfers between nodes
- Currently
 - Lustre checksums guard against network data corruption
- Kerberos is a possible solution
 - integrity and privacy of bulk data and rpc messages

flavor	auth	RPC message protection	Bulk data protection
krb5n	yes	no	checksum
krb5a	yes	headers integrity	checksum
krb5i	yes	integrity	integrity
krb5p	yes	privacy	privacy



Kerberos support: from past to present



Back in 2010

- Lustre 2.0 was successfully kerberized on production cluster at Pittsburgh Supercomputing Center
 - « Kerberized Lustre 2.0 over the WAN », Josephine Palencia, PSC, LUG 2010

But in 2013

- Lustre 2.4 was unable to even start with Kerberos activated
 - « Strong authentication in Lustre & friends », Daniel Kobras, S+C, LAD 2013
- Bull/Atos R&D experiments with Lustre 2.5
 - '--enable-gss' build broken
 - instant crash when starting Lustre with Kerberos activated
 - \Rightarrow still a lot of work to do!



- ► In current master: GSSAPI/Kerberos related patches
 - build/new kernel support
 - LU-4085, LU-4012, LU-4372: landed
 - LWP/OSP support at GSSAPI level
 - LU-3778: in progress
 - Bug fixes for GSS/Kerberos
 - LU-4113: landed
 - LU-6020 (multiple patches): landed
 - LU-6356 (multiple patches): landed and in progress



Kerberos configuration in a nutshell



Every file system access needs to be authenticated with Kerberos credentials, named principals:

-MGS

• lustre_mgs/<mgt network address>.DOMAIN

-MDS

- lustre_mds/<mds hostname>.DOMAIN
- for each mdt network address:

lustre_mds/<mdt network address>.DOMAIN

- OSS

• for each ost network address:

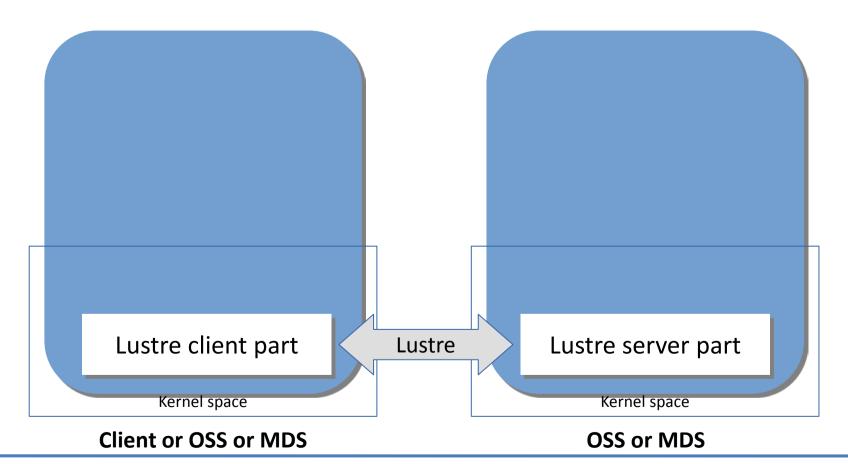
lustre_oss/<ost network address>.DOMAIN

Client

lustre_root/<network address>.DOMAIN

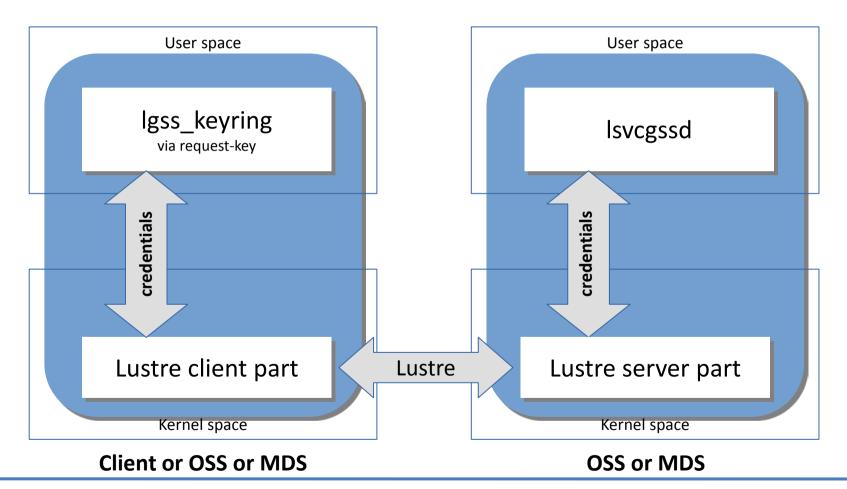
- normal users need their own principal





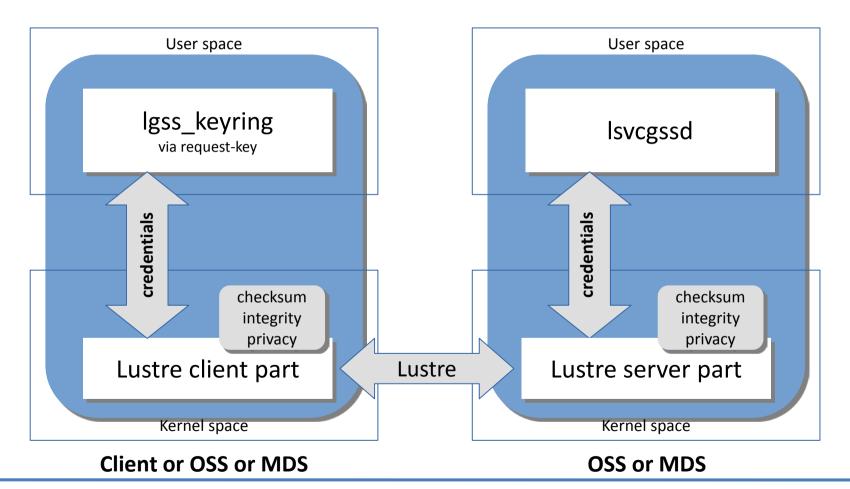
Configuration in a nutshell





Configuration in a nutshell







Supported Kerberos flavors

flavor	auth	RPC message protection	Bulk data protection
krb5n	yes	no	checksum
krb5a	yes	headers integrity	checksum
krb5i	yes	integrity	integrity
krb5p	yes	privacy	privacy

Flavors can be refined at various levels:

- lctl conf_param <fs>.srpc.flavor.default = krb5i
- lctl conf_param <fs>.srpc.flavor.o2ib0 = null
- lctl conf_param <fs>.srpc.flavor.default.client2ost = krb5p
- ► MGS particular case:
 - 'mgssec=flavor' mount option for targets and clients



Let's play with Kerberos for Lustre

Let's play



► R&D testbed

– software:

- RHEL 6
- Kerberos MIT v5
- Lustre 2.7.0 + patches
- hardware: 1 node per Lustre role, to 'ease' Kerberos setup
 - 1 MGS
 - 1 MDS > ramdisk storage
 - 1 OSS
 - 1 client
 - 12 cores
 - 24 GB RAM
 - Interconnect: Infiniband QDR

Let's play



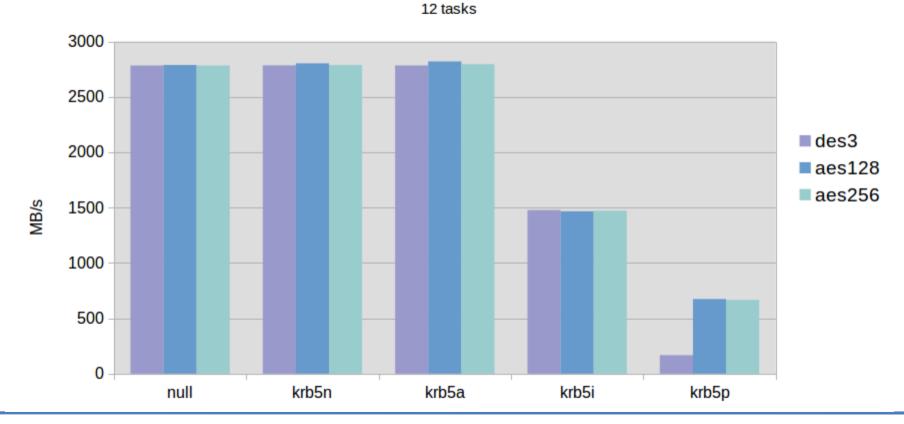
▶ With patches *in progress* in LU-3778, LU-6020, LU-6356

- all flavors are functional
 - krb5n, krb5a, krb5i, krb5p
- on every communication channel
 - cli2mdt, cli2ost, mdt2mdt, mdt2ost
- for all parties:
 - MGS, MDS, OSS, Client

Let's have a look at impact of Kerberos over performance

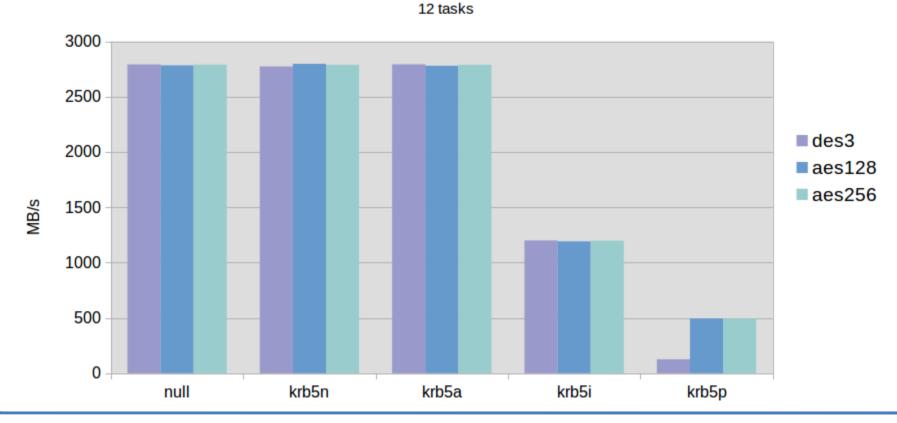


IOR - write



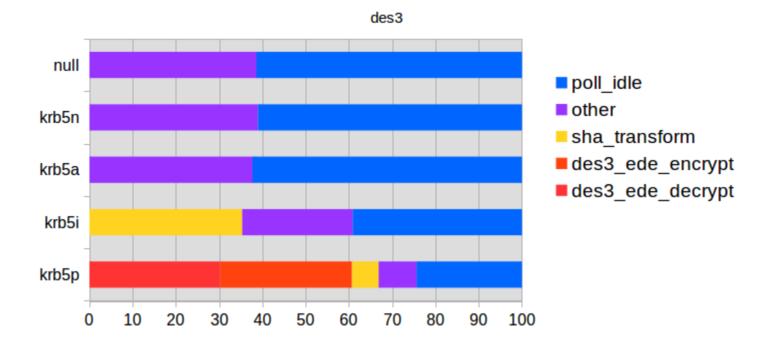


IOR - read





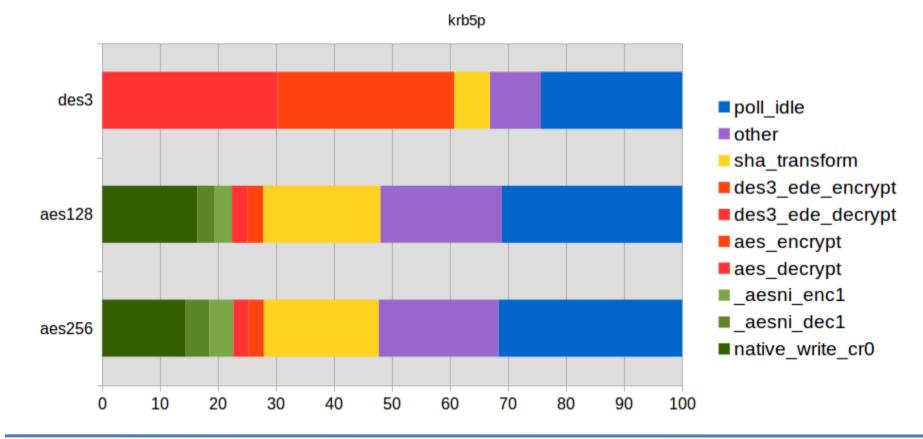
IOR - client - CPU usage



Impact over data performance



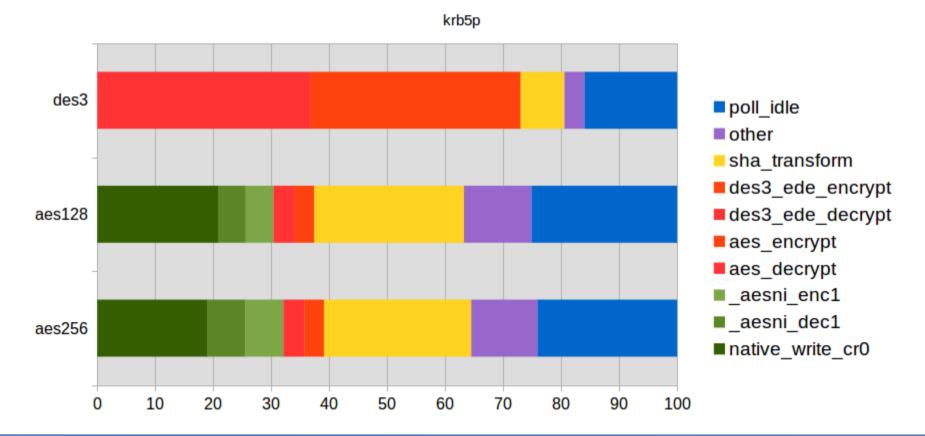
IOR - Client - CPU usage



Impact over data performance



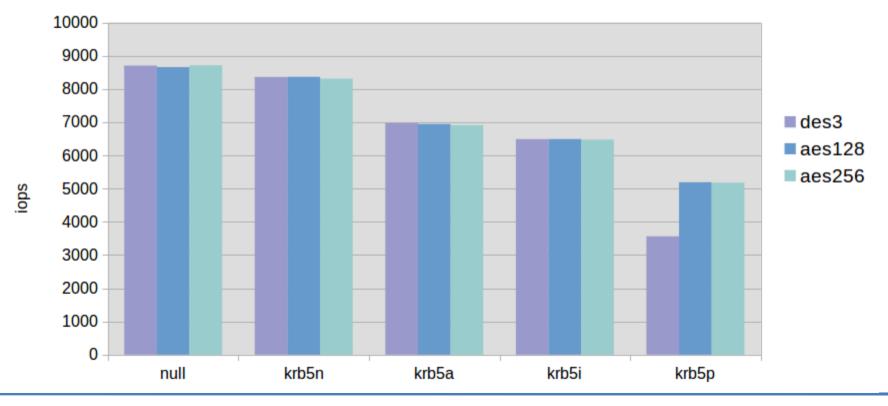
IOR - OSS - CPU usage





mdtest - file create

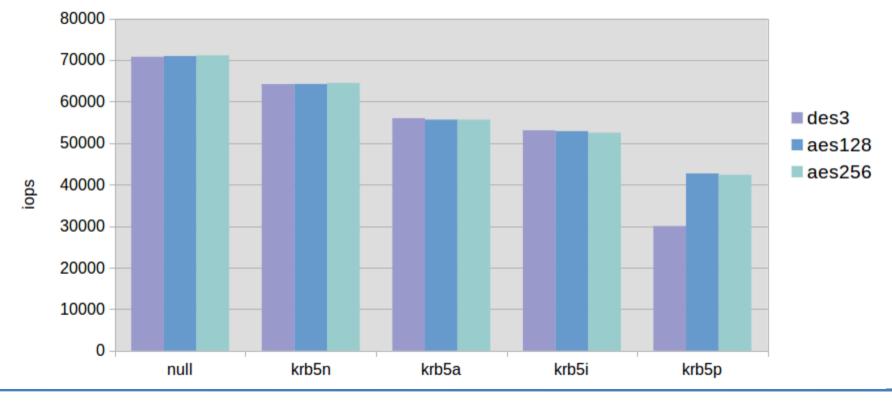






mdtest - file stat

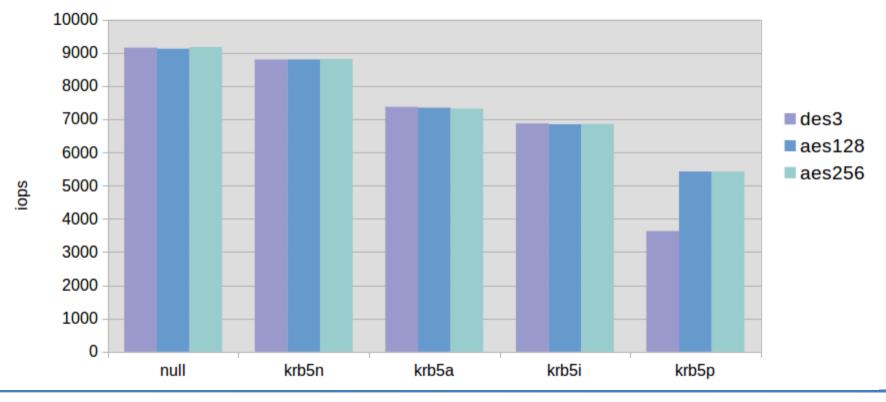






mdtest - file remove

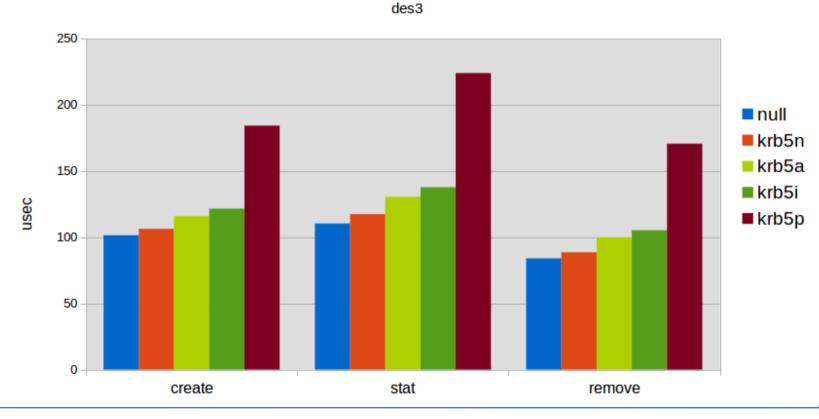




Impact over metadata performance



mdtest - client - req_waittime



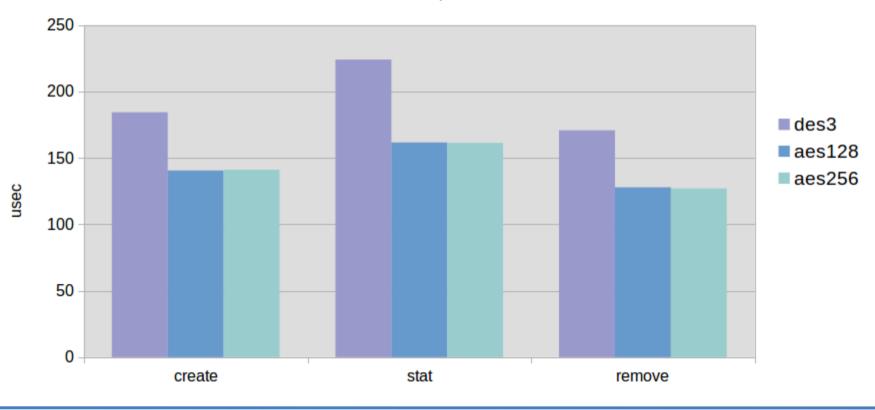
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Impact over metadata performance



mdtest - Client - req_waittime

krb5p



Conclusion



- Kerberos support in Lustre is back!
- Performance impact
 - with authentication: very modest
 - with integrity/privacy: no pain, no gain...
- ► Remaining work:
 - land patches
 - document:
 - update OpenSFS wiki

Thanks

For more information please contact: sebastien.buisson@atos.net

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04-13-2015





write	krb5n	krb5a	krb5i	krb5p
des3	similar	similar	- 50 %	- 95 %
aes128	similar	similar	- 50 %	- 75 %
aes256	similar	similar	- 50 %	- 75 %
read	krb5n	krb5a	krb5i	krb5p
read des3	krb5n similar	krb5a similar	krb5i - 60 %	krb5p - 95 %

N/a+						
Meta	create	krb5n	krb5a	krb5i	krb5p	atos technologies
	des3	- 5 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 60 %	
	aes128	- 5 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 40 %	
	aes256	- 5 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 40 %	
	stat	krb5n	krb5a	krb5i	krb5p	
	des3	- 10 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 60 %	
	aes128	- 10 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 40 %	
	aes256	- 10 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 40 %	
	remove	krb5n	krb5a	krb5i	krb5p	
	des3	- 5 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 60 %	
	aes128	- 5 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 40 %	
	aes256	- 5 %	- 20 %	- 25 %	- 40 %	33